

# Somalia

## FP2030 Indicator Summary Sheet: 2022 Measurement Report

### Modern Contraceptive Use and Need

Source : Family Planning Estimation Tool (FPET)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
All Women	Total users of modern methods of contraception*										
	30,000	31,000	33,000	34,000	35,000	37,000	39,000	43,000	47,000	51,000	57,000
	Modern contraceptive prevalence rate (mCP)										
	1.1%	1.1%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%
	Percentage of women estimated to have an unmet need for modern methods of contraception (mUN)										
	16.7%	16.9%	17.1%	17.2%	17.5%	17.6%	17.9%	17.9%	17.9%	17.9%	17.9%
	Percentage of women estimated to have their demand for family planning met with a modern method of contraception (mDS)										
	6.4%	6.4%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.2%	6.5%	6.8%	7.3%	7.7%

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Married Women	Total users of modern methods of contraception										
	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	12,000	14,000	16,000	18,000	21,000
	Modern contraceptive prevalence rate (mCP)										
	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.6%	0.7%	0.8%	0.9%	1.0%
	Percentage of women estimated to have an unmet need for modern methods of contraception (mUN)										
	26.5%	27.1%	27.6%	28.0%	28.6%	29.0%	29.4%	29.6%	29.9%	30.0%	30.1%
	Percentage of women estimated to have their demand for family planning met with a modern method of contraception (mDS)										
	2.6%	2.5%	2.4%	2.3%	2.3%	2.2%	2.2%	2.4%	2.6%	2.9%	3.2%

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Unmarried Women	Total users of modern methods of contraception										
	19,000	20,000	21,000	22,000	23,000	25,000	27,000	28,000	30,000	32,000	34,000
	Modern contraceptive prevalence rate (mCP)										
	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	2.0%
	Percentage of women estimated to have an unmet need for modern methods of contraception (mUN)										
	2.2%	2.1%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%
	Percentage of women estimated to have their demand for family planning met with a modern method of contraception (mDS)										
	45.4%	45.4%	45.8%	46.0%	46.7%	47.0%	47.3%	47.5%	47.6%	48.5%	48.3%

### Impacts of Modern Contraceptive Use among All Women

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Number of unintended pregnancies averted due to modern contraceptive use											
	10,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	12,000	13,000	13,000	14,000	16,000	17,000	19,000
Number of unsafe abortions averted due to modern contraceptive use											
	2,600	2,700	2,800	2,900	3,000	3,200	3,400	3,700	4,000	4,400	4,900
Number of maternal deaths averted due to modern contraceptive use											
	60	70	70	70	80	80	80	90	100	110	120

### Couple Years of Protection (CYPs)

Calculated from routine service provision data

Source	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
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### Fertility Outcomes

	Value	Source
Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 women 15-19)	118	2018-2019 SHDS
Percent of births that are unintended	54%	2016 DHS

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Estimated Number of Unintended Pregnancies											
	300,000	310,000	320,000	330,000	340,000	350,000	360,000	370,000	380,000	380,000	390,000

## Contraceptive Use, Availability, and Discontinuation by Method

Modern Contraceptive Method Mix			
Long-Acting and Permanent Methods	Sterilization (female)	0.0%	Source 2020 SHDS
	Sterilization (male)	0.0%	
	IUD	0.0%	
	Implant	28.6%	
Short-Term Methods	Injectable	14.3%	Population Married Women
	Pill	42.9%	
	Condom (Male)	0.0%	
	Condom (Female)	0.0%	
	LAM	14.3%	
	Standard Days method	0.0%	
	Other Modern Methods	0.0%	

Percentage of facilities stocked out, by method offered, on the day of assessment			
Long-Acting and Permanent Methods	Sterilization (female)	---	Source ---
	Sterilization (male)	---	
	IUD	---	
	Implant	---	
Short-Term Methods	Injectable	---	Year ---
	Pill	---	
	Condom (Male)	---	
	Condom (Female)	---	
	Emergency Contraception	---	
	Other modern methods	---	

	Value	Source	Year
Percentage of primary SDPs that have at least 3 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment	---	---	---
Percentage of secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment	---	---	---

Contraceptive Discontinuation Rates and Method Switching (first 12 months)**						
	IUD	Implant	Injectable	Pill	Condom (male)	Source
Discontinuation while in need	---	---	---	---	---	---
Discontinuation while not in need	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total discontinuation (all reasons)	---	---	---	---	---	---
Switching to a different method	---	---	---	---	---	---

## Contraceptive Services and Decision-Making

	Value	Source	Population
Method Information Index**	---	---	---
Percentage of women who received family planning information during a contact with a health service provider **	---	---	---
Percent of current modern contraceptive users who last obtained their family planning method from each source (All Methods)			
Public	---	---	---
Private Medical	---	---	---
Other	---	---	---
Percentage of women who decided to use family planning alone or jointly with their husbands/partners	---	---	---

## Investment in Family Planning

	Value	Source	Year
Annual expenditure on family planning from government domestic budget (USD \$)	\$ 12,000	UNFPA	2018

## Traditional Contraceptive Use

Source : Family Planning Estimation Tool (FPET)

Traditional Contraceptive Use did not meet the reporting threshold (tCP among Married Women >5% in 2022) and so is not reported for this country.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
All Women										
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Married Women										
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Unmarried Women										
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### Notes

--- indicates no data post 2012 was available

\* Total Users among Married Women and Unmarried Women will not sum exactly to the Total Users among All Women

\*\* Additional disaggregation or details available in the full data set.